Coffee with Counselors

Study Skills



Facts about Studying

- When multitasking, it typically takes the brain twice as long to complete an assignment or task, and your error rate goes up by about 50%.
- Learning that is spread out over time drastically increases knowledge retention

• Active recall is better than rereading. Close the book and recitie everything you can remember up to that point.

https://elearningindustry.com/6-scientifically-proven-brain-facts-that-elearning -professionals-should-know

More Facts About Studying

- Students who tested themselves with a practice test after learning the material retained 50% more of the information a week later than their peers who did not take a practice test.
- "Quick learners" make connections between ideas instead of just memorizing

• Students have better memory and recall abilities when they learn new information and then have to teach it to someone else

http://learninglab.psych.purdue.edu/downloads/2006_Roediger_Kar picke_Review.pdf

What is the best way to study?

There is no one right way to study!

 Most people are more successful when they use a combination of different strategies

 Everyone is different which means everyone studies differently but there are some key strategies that have been shown to work for a wide variety of people

Study Techniques

- Make flashcards
- Rewrite your notes
- Complete or make your own study guide
- Teach the material to someone else
- Review your notes every night
- Connect your learning
- Practice concepts
- Don't just memorize, analyze
- Use acronyms or mnemonics

Flash Cards

- Will help you remember concepts fasters
- Portable!
- Good for remembering definitions and key ideas



Rewrite your notes

- Easier to remember concepts when you write them down
- Forces you to reread your notes
- Good for concept heavy subjects



Complete or Make a Study Guide

- Writing things down makes it easier to remember
- Makes you focus on what is really important
- Good for all subjects that you need to study for

MIDTERM STUDY GUIDE **Chapter 1: Introduction to Data** WHAT IS DATA? data: collections of numbers, measurements, or any type of observation that someone records ("the building blocks of statistics") Examples of Data Collection hospital & school records election polls SUIVEYS sports Google analytics (browser history) - Twitter / Facebook posts smartphone apps satelites sales transactions · vaviable: a characteristic, number, or quantity of a unit being observed that can be measured or counted (a data item) Types of Variables: numerical the values of the variable are numbers (ex. weight, height, temperature, GPA) categorical categories or classifications (ex. eye color, year in school, class subject) indicator variables: just indicate which observation we are looking at (ex. full name, jersey number, student ID) observation: data from an individual study subject or sampled unit POPULATIONS AND SAMPLES o population: collection of observations of interest very large → nearly impossible to obtain .4.10 measurements from n sample portion of the population of interest usually taken to measure a characteristic about a population size of sample (usually denoted by n) ORGANIZING AND REPORTING CATEGORICAL DATA two-way table (a.k.a. frequency table): displays the counts of 2 categorical variables

9

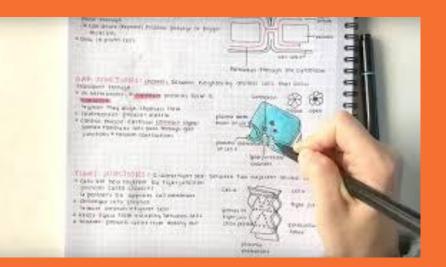
Teach the Material to Someone Else

- Tests your knowledge to see if you really know the material
- Need to not only know the answer but explain it
- Great for all sorts of subjects



Review your notes every night

- You are much more likely to remember information if you study it a little bit each night
- Eliminates the need to cram for tests
- You should use this for all subjects!



Connect Your Learning

- It is easier to remember information if you can attach some meaning towards it
- For example connecting vocabulary words to your personal life
- Great for all subjects



Practice Concepts

- The best way to get better at something is too practice!
- The more comfortable you are with material the easier it will be to remember it
- Great technique for math

Name: Teacher:	Score : Date :				
95	20	82	91	11	88
<u>+ 57</u>	+ 28	<u>+ 12</u>	<u>+ 94</u>	<u>+ 53</u>	<u>+ 60</u>
98	93	68	26	83	60
- 13	<u>- 20</u>	- 64	- 24	- 60	- 32
24	57	83	39	11	87
<u>× 76</u>	<u>× 65</u>	<u>x 16</u>	<u>× 38</u>	<u>x 46</u>	<u>× 39</u>
10) 85	10) 81	11)63	18) 56	18) 44	26)97
				📰 Math	

Use acronyms or mnemonics

- If you have a concept that you can't attach meaning too or analyze make up an acronym or mnemonic device to help you remember
- PEMDAS, My Very
 Educated Mother Just
 Served Us Noodles
- Use these to remember little formulas and small bits of information



Don't just memorize, analyze

- When you memorize words or definitions you aren't really learning
- Ask yourself why? When studying, why do I need to use this equation to solve for x? Why did this battle start?
- Use this for all your learning



Take Into Account VARK learning styles

Visual- use color and color coding. Rewrite notes with different colored pens, highlight with different color highlighters, use colored index cards or note cards, color a diagram, etc.

Auditory- read notes out loud to self, discuss the concept with a classmate or adult, listen to a lecture about the topic again, or rewatch a video if that's an option

Take Into Account VARK Learning Styles

Reading/Writing- re read notes, read a story about the topic to make connections, read flashcards, write a new study guide, "be a teacher" and write the test/quiz, leave it for an hour then take the test/quiz you created

Kinesthetic- create a matching game with index cards (think words on one set, definitions on the other; names, dates, places for history and match them and move them, countries and capitals or leaders, concept and connection) where you can physically move and manipulate the information; walk/pace while looking at notes use

Free Resource

Wade Edwards Learning Laboratory WELL https://www.wade.org/ Offering: Tutoring ACT and SAT Prep Counseling Services Teen Talk Leadership Opportunities

Pierce Watson offers small Study Skills Groups when he receives interest. Email <u>Ahievement@wade.org</u> for more informaiton.